

# DANSEED SYMPOSIUM 2015

# VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION IN TOMATO

*A perspective from Multispectral imaging*

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# OUTLINE

- ▶ Background
- ▶ Objectives
- ▶ Materials & Methods
- ▶ Results
- ▶ Perspective and Summary

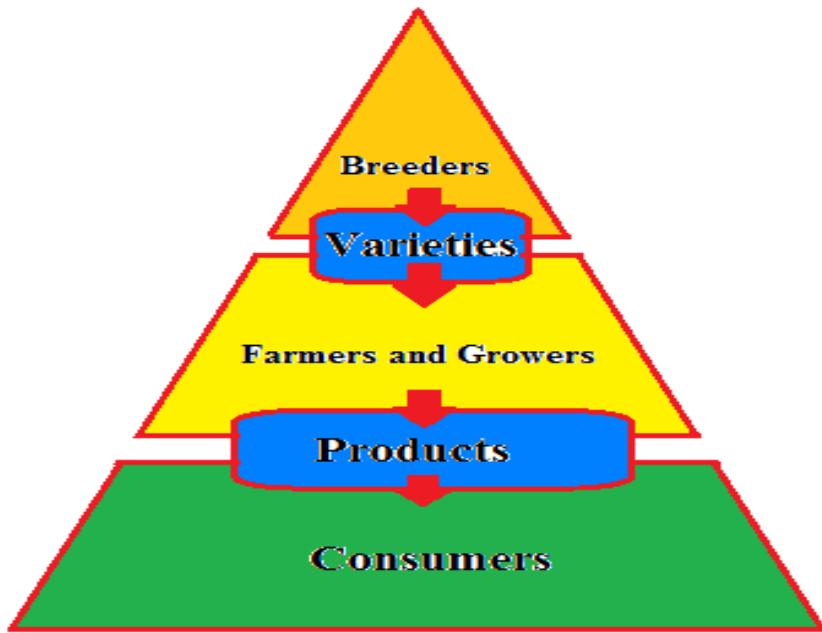


# VARIETY

A plant grouping within single botanical taxon of the lowest rank

- › Expression of characteristics
- › Distinguishable
- › Stable

# WHY VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION??



Yield; Resistance; Crop Quality; Input efficiency

Higher Profitability; Access to new markets; reduced Labor costs; Crop diversity

Low cost; High quality & nutritious; good shelf-life; diverse range of products, Choice of products and source

# WHY VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION??

## Varietal Identification/discrimination

- › Registration and certification
  - › Seed producers/processors/traders
  - › Adulteration issues (PBRs)
- 
- ▶ Plant Breeder Rights- UPOV, TRIPS or *sui generis* of TRIPS

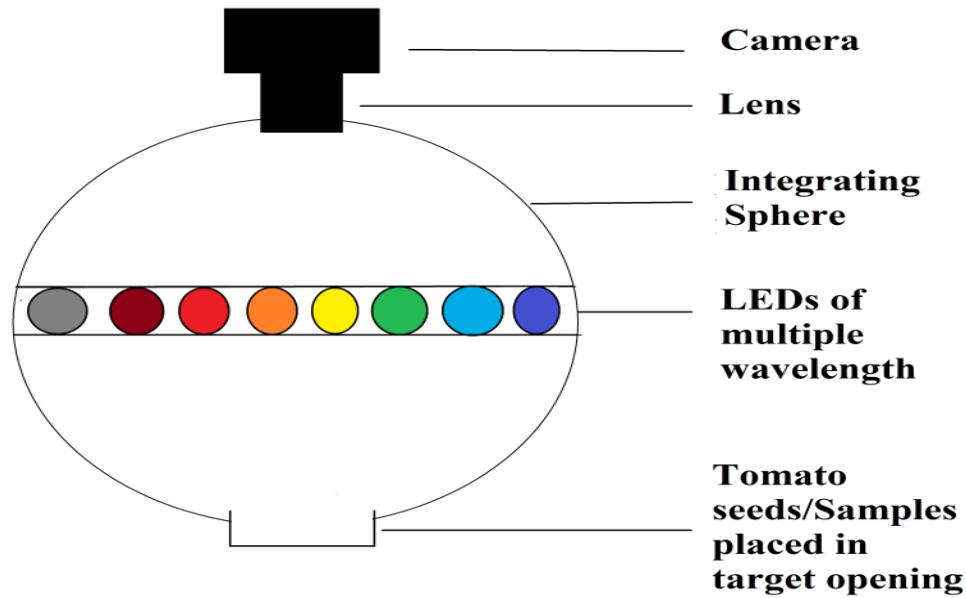
# WHY VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION IN TOMATO??

- ▶ Tomato - *Solanum lycopersicum* L.
- ▶ No. 1 vegetable crop- economically
- ▶ Rich in Antioxidants- Vitamin C, Lycopene and  $\beta$ -carotene
- ▶ Intensive breeding efforts- high demand and health benefits
- ▶ Large number of tomato varieties worldwide than any other vegetable crops  
(Foolad and Panthee 2012)

# NON DESTRUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES

- ▶ Visible/near infrared spectra
  - › Use of leaf for discrimination in tomato
  - › Use of tomato fruits for transgenic discrimination
- ▶ Hyperspectral imaging – maize and wheat
- ▶ Multispectral Imaging
  - › prediction of unripe tomatoes
- ▶ Varietal identification of tomatoes using seeds???

# VIDEOMETERLAB INSTRUMENT

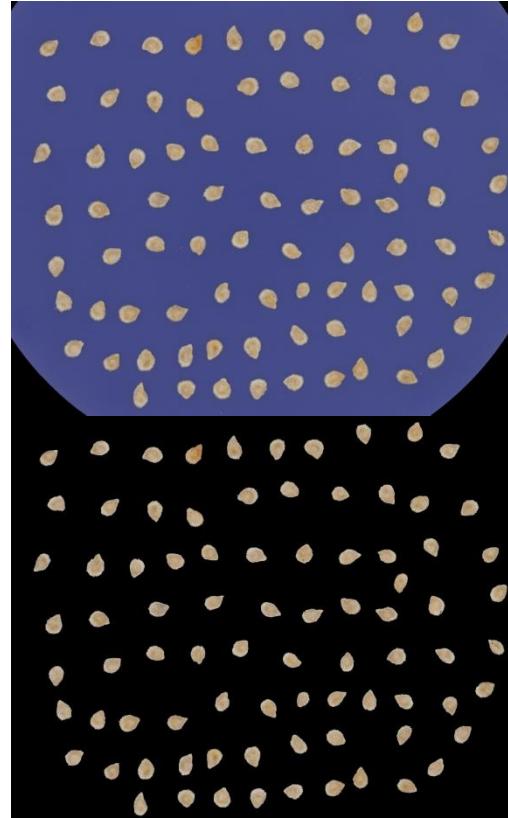


# MATERIALS

Cultivar/Accession	Number of Seed Used			Seed Source	Remarks
	Calibration	Prediction	Total		
<b>Sample set One</b>					
<b>HRD 1</b>	55	-	55	NARC, Nepal	Breeding Material
<b>HRD 17</b>	50	-	50	NARC, Nepal	Breeding Material
<b>HRD 1 × HRD 17</b>	50	-	50	Crossed at Semi-field	HRD 1 as female parent
<b>HRD 17 × HRD 1</b>	50	-	50	Crossed at Semi-field	HRD 17 as female parent
<b>Sample set Two</b>					
<b>BL 410</b>	176	50	226	SEAN Seed, Nepal	Released Cultivar
<b>Care Nepal</b>	225	66	291	Seed retailer, Nepal	Farmer's variety
<b>Chiuri</b>	133	76	209	Seed retailer, Nepal	Farmer's variety
<b>CL (also known as NCL)</b>	134	95	229	SEAN Seed, Nepal	Released Cultivar
<b>Doti Local</b>	171	65	236	SEAN Seed, Nepal	Farmer's variety
<b>HRD 1</b>	134	54	188	NARC, Nepal	Breeding Material
<b>HRD 17</b>	192	91	283	NARC, Nepal	Breeding Material
<b>Lapsigede</b>	172	71	243	SEAN seed, Nepal	Released Cultivar
<b>Monprecus</b>	160	58	218	VDD, Nepal	Released Cultivar
<b>Pusa Ruby</b>	137	59	196	NARC, Nepal	Released Cultivar
<b>T 9</b>	169	37	206	SEAN Seed, Nepal	Breeding Material

# IMAGE ACQUISITION

- ▶ Image acquisition – VideometerLab equipment
- ▶ Tomato seeds were placed on image “VM Blue” disc
- ▶ 19 wavelengths (375, 405, 435, 450, 470, 505, 525, 570, 590, 630, 645, 660, 700, 780, 850, 870, 890, 940 and 970 nm)
- ▶ Masking- default “Blue Background” option



# ANALYSIS- VIDEOMETERLAB

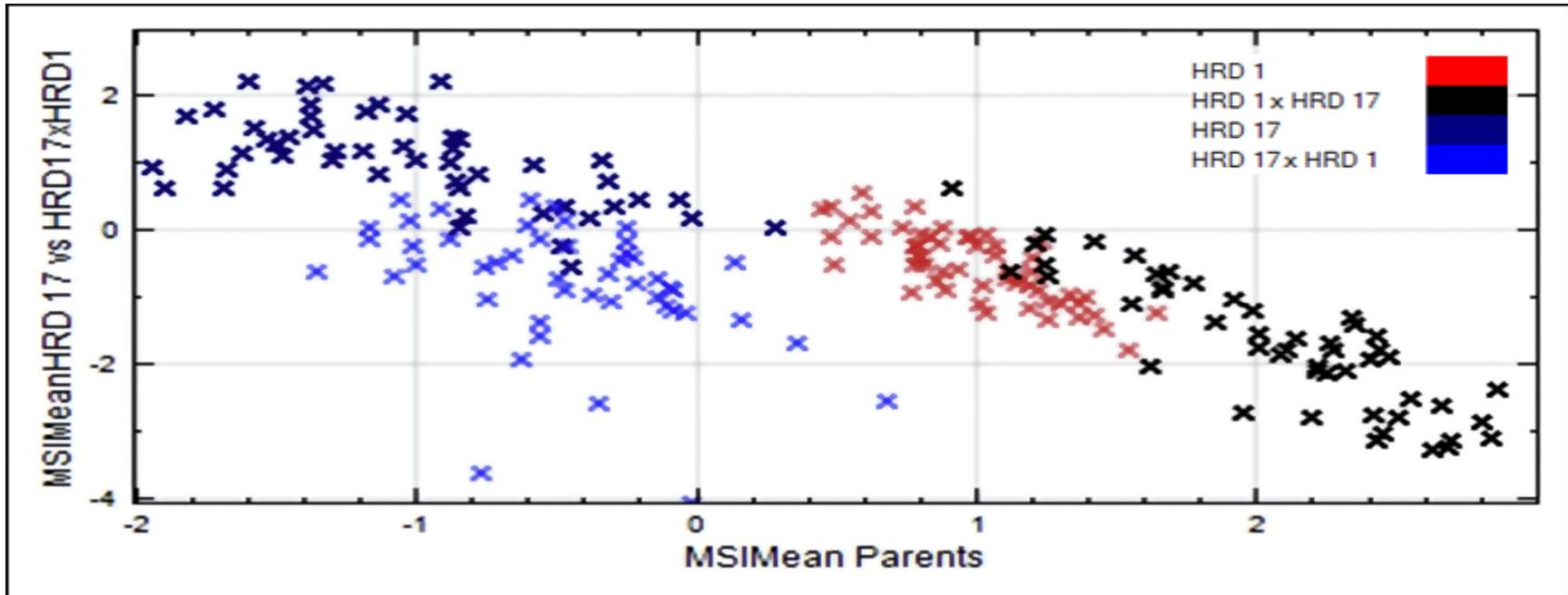
- ▶ nCDA MSI transformations- specific pairwise & all cultivars
- ▶ Shape - Area, length, roundness, width
- ▶ Color - CIELab L\*, CIELab a\*, CIELab b\*, intensity, saturation, and hue
- ▶ RegionMSImean -nCDA MSI transformations
- ▶ VideometerLab Software – Blob Toolbox

# ANALYSIS- DATA EXTRACTED

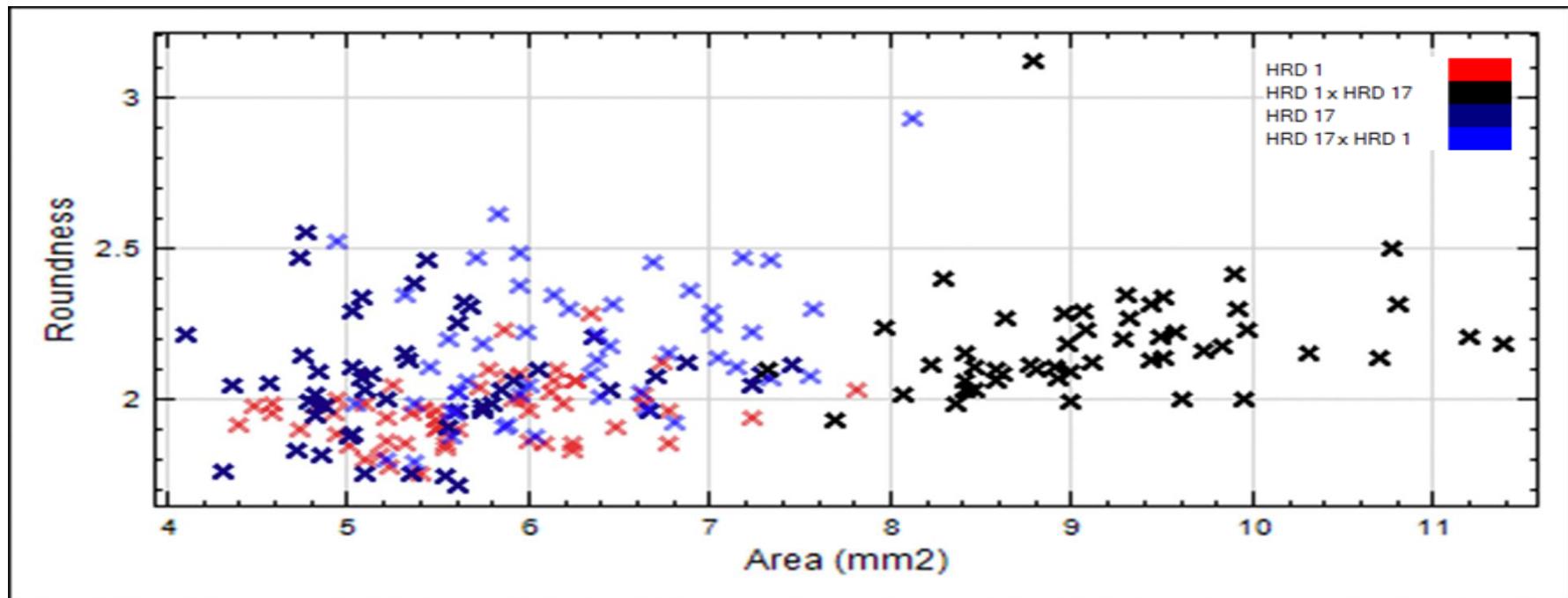
- ▶ Data extraction - VideometerLab software
- ▶ Principal component analysis
- ▶ PLS Discriminant analysis

# RESULTS

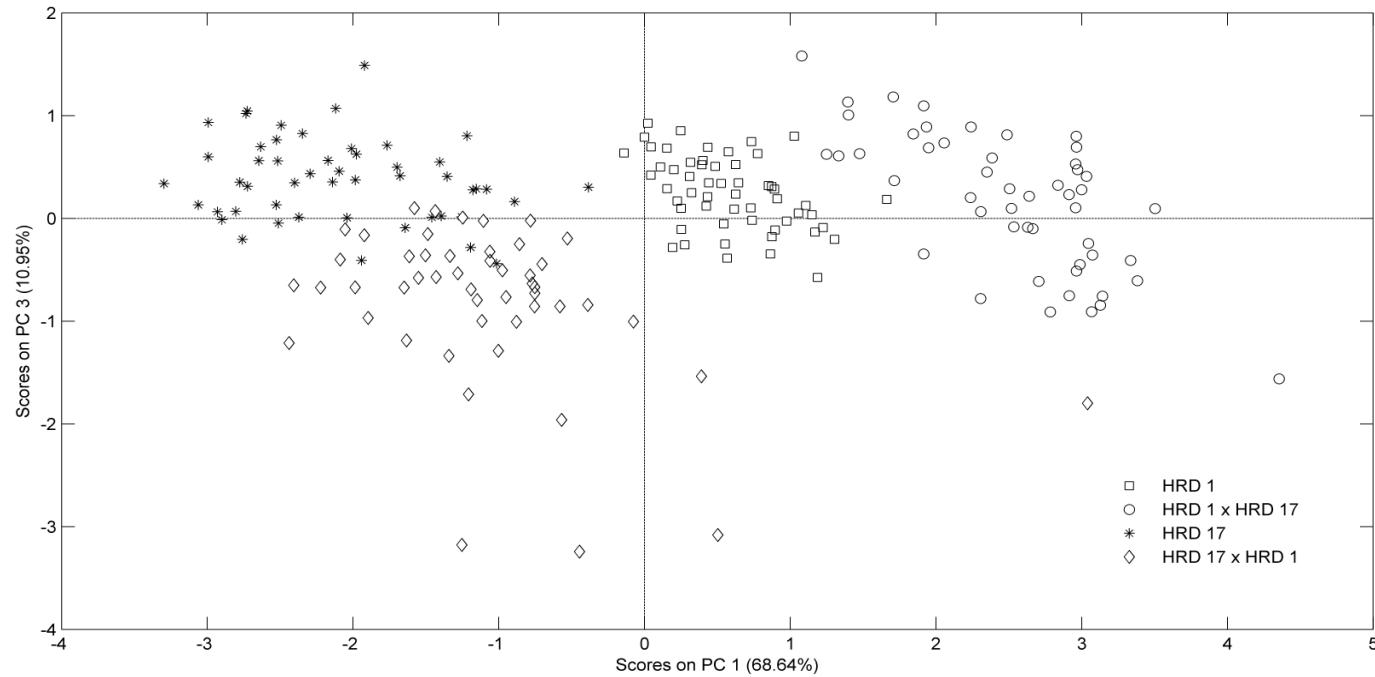
# HYBRIDITY/RELATIONSHIP OF PARENTS AND HYBRIDS



# SHAPE FEATURES- INCONCLUSIVE



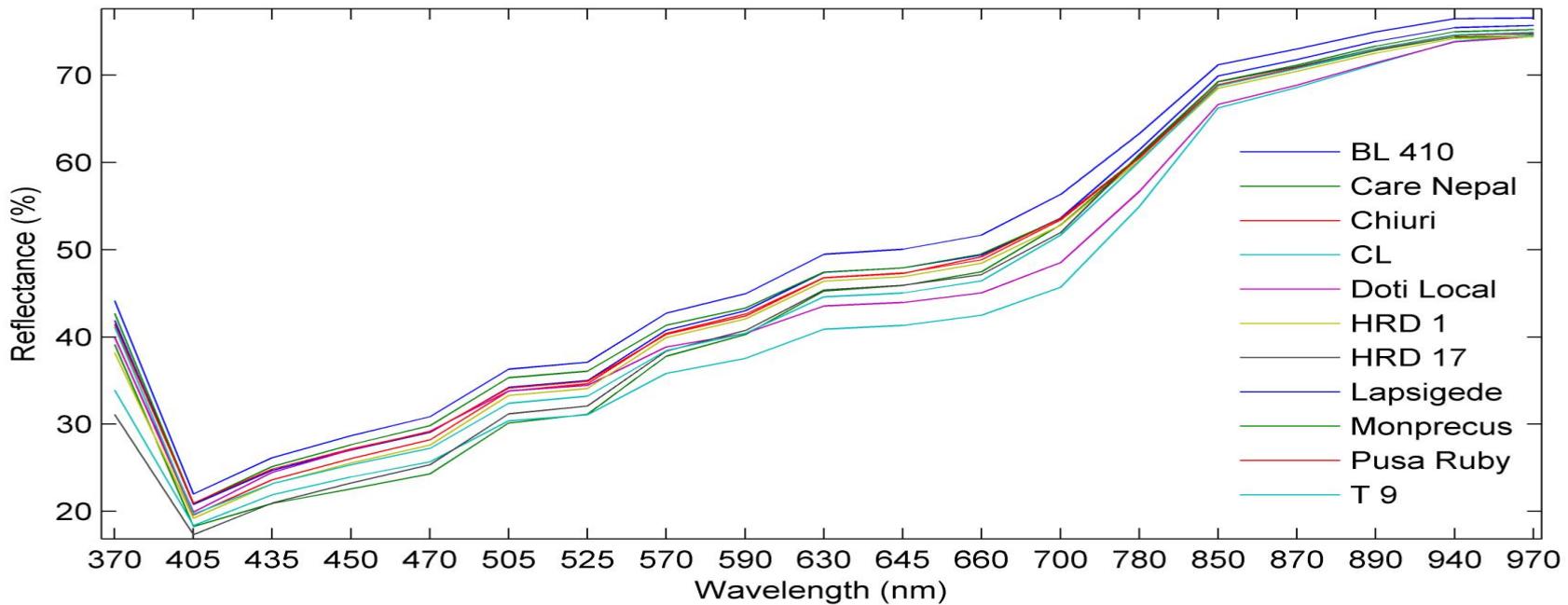
# PCA - on Data Extracted



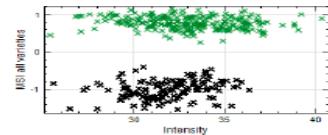
# VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION / CLASSIFICATION



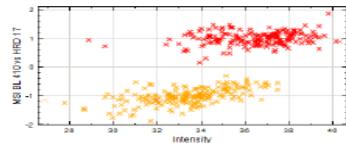
# VIS-NIR MEAN SPECTRUM



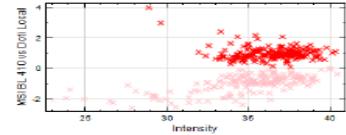
# NCDA PAIRWISE DISCRIMINATION OF RANDOMLY SELECTED CULTIVARS



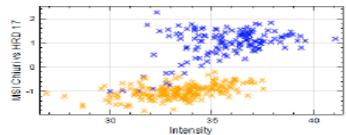
Care Nepal vs CL



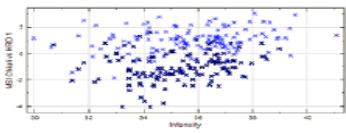
BL 410 vs HRD 17



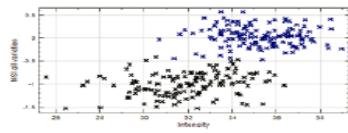
BL 410 vs Doti Local



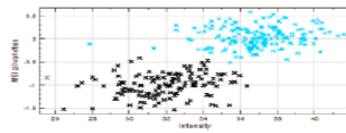
Chiuri vs HRD 17



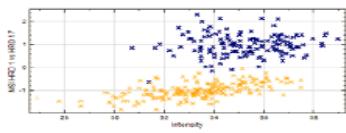
Chiuri vs HRD 1



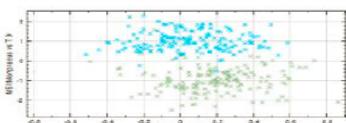
CL vs HRD 1



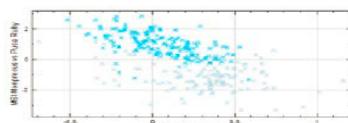
CL vs Monprecus



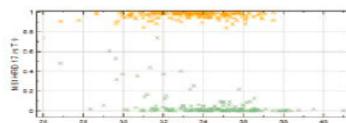
HRD 17 vs HRD 1



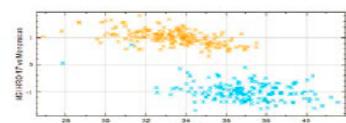
Monprecus vs T 9



Monprecus vs Pusa Ruby



HRD 17 vs T 9



HRD 17 vs Monprecus

# Pairwise sensitivity of nCDA discrimination of Tomato cultivars

## A. Calibration Results

	<b>BL 410</b>	<b>Care Nepal</b>	<b>Chiuri</b>	<b>CL</b>	<b>Doti Local</b>	<b>HRD 1</b>	<b>HRD 17</b>	<b>Lapsigede</b>	<b>Monprecus</b>	<b>Pusa Ruby</b>
<b>Care Nepal</b>	96%									
<b>Chiuri</b>	90%	94%								
<b>CL</b>	99%	100%	98%							
<b>Doti Local</b>	100%	100%	99%	96%						
<b>HRD 1</b>	94%	98%	84%	99%	100%					
<b>HRD 17</b>	100%	100%	97%	98%	100%	99%				
<b>Lapsigede</b>	94%	97%	89%	99%	100%	92%	98%			
<b>Monprecus</b>	98%	99%	84%	99%	96%	89%	99%	95%		
<b>Pusa Ruby</b>	89%	96%	81%	99%	93%	88%	99%	83%	88%	
<b>T 9</b>	97%	96%	94%	99%	93%	96%	100%	94%	96%	92%

## B. Prediction Results

	<b>BL 410</b>	<b>Care Nepal</b>	<b>Chiuri</b>	<b>CL</b>	<b>Doti Local</b>	<b>HRD 1</b>	<b>HRD 17</b>	<b>Lapsigede</b>	<b>Monprecus</b>	<b>Pusa Ruby</b>
<b>Care Nepal</b>	97%									
<b>Chiuri</b>	78%	94%								
<b>CL</b>	100%	99%	97%							
<b>Doti Local</b>	98%	99%	98%	98%						
<b>HRD 1</b>	91%	98%	72%	98%	100%					
<b>HRD 17</b>	99%	99%	97%	96%	100%	100%				
<b>Lapsigede</b>	93%	99%	81%	99%	99%	92%	98%			
<b>Monprecus</b>	99%	99%	77%	96%	93%	86%	99%	95%		
<b>Pusa Ruby</b>	88%	99%	85%	95%	100%	93%	99%	86%	91%	
<b>T 9</b>	99%	98%	91%	95%	88%	96%	100%	93%	94%	89%

# PLSDA CLASSIFICATION OF TOMATO CULTIVARS

Model A				Model B				Model C			
Cultivar	Calibration	CV	Prediction	Cultivar	Calibration	CV	Predicti on	Cultivar	Calibratio n	CV	Predictio n
BL 410	82%	82%	90%	BL 410	91%	90%	98%	Chiuri	83%	81%	78%
CL	94%	94%	95%	CL Care	96%	96%	97%	Lapsigede	92%	91%	89%
Care Nepal	92%	92%	97%	Nepal	92%	92%	97%	Monprecus	91%	89%	91%
Chiuri	54%	53%	39%	Doti Local	92%	91%	91%	Pusa Ruby	77%	75%	80%
Doti Local	91%	91%	95%	HRD 1	85%	85%	87%	Overall Accuracy Previous			
HRD 1	77%	76%	80%	HRD 17	99%	99%	100%	(OA)	66%	65%	54%
HRD 17	98%	98%	98%	T 9	93%	92%	97%	Overall Accuracy Previous			
Lapsigede	74% 72% 70%			Overall				(OA)	93%	92%	96%
Monprecus	74% 73% 57%			Accuracy				(OA)	90%	90%	94%
Pusa Ruby	58% 58% 49%			Previous				(OA)	90%	90%	94%
T 9	91%	91%	97%								
Overall				Accuracy				Accuracy			
Accuracy	82%	81%	79%					Accuracy			

# PERSPECTIVE AND SUMMARY

- ▶ Multispectral imaging – viable option for varietal identification/adulteration issues
- ▶ Initial screening in plant breeding program
- ▶ Varietal registration/certification
- ▶ Seed sorting- industrial application

Article

## Use of Multispectral Imaging in Varietal Identification of Tomato

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